



HIV AND INJECTION DRUG USE IN MARYLAND, 2018

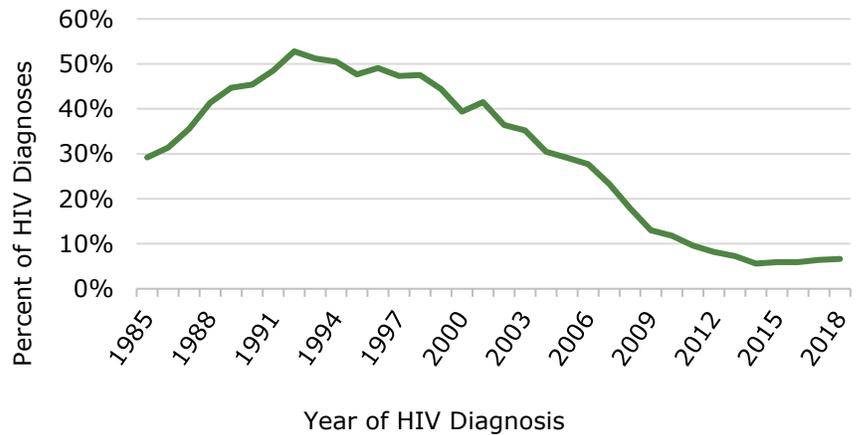
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New HIV Diagnoses in Maryland

In 2018, there were 66 reported HIV diagnoses among persons with IDU exposure.

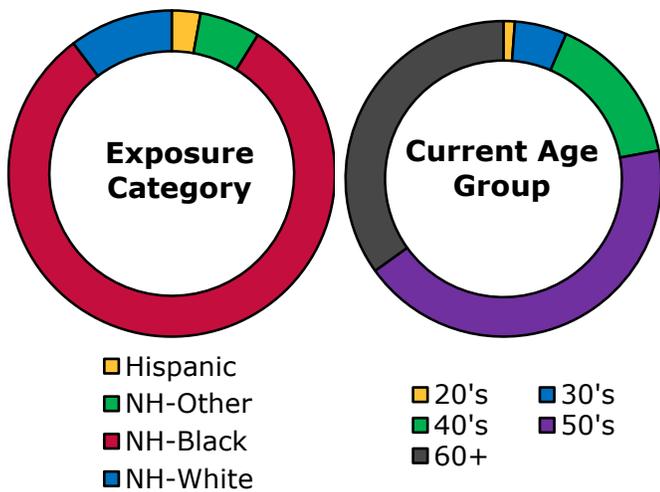
- Of the 994 reported HIV diagnoses in 2018, 6.6% were attributed to IDU and 1.2% were among MSM/IDU.
- Of the 716 male and 278 female HIV diagnoses, 5.8% and 8.7%, respectively were attributed to IDU.
- It is estimated that an additional 3.4% of persons with IDU exposure living with HIV in Maryland remain undiagnosed, as of 2017.

Trends in HIV Diagnoses with IDU Exposure



Characteristics of Marylanders with IDU Exposure Living with HIV

At the end of 2018, there were 5,578 people living with diagnosed HIV with IDU exposure.



- Of the 31,559 people living with diagnosed HIV in 2018, 17.7% were attributed to IDU exposure. Among males, 15.7% were attributed to IDU exposure and 5.6% to MSM/IDU. Among females, 21.6% were attributed to IDU exposure.
- IDU exposure was highest among individuals diagnosed in their 30's (36.8%) and among NH-Blacks (80.1%).
- Of the people living with diagnosed HIV attributed to IDU exposure, 78.4% had a viral load test result reported in 2018. Of those with a reported viral load test, 85.3% had a suppressed viral load.

NH: Non-Hispanic | IDU: Injection Drug Use | MSM: Male-to-male Sexual Contact

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<http://phpa.health.maryland.gov/OIDEOR/CHSE>

Multiple imputation was used to estimate and adjust for missing exposure category.
Data represents adults and adolescents (ages 13+) only.
Data reported through 06/30/2019 from the Maryland Enhanced HIV/AIDS Reporting System (eHARS).